

(2012 / 11/ 26 2012/ 9 /25)

Agrimonia Eupatoria

A

.Sephadex G-50

(3958)

B

(264667)

B

A

/ (10.3, 5.9, 3.04, 17.8, 5.28, 4.6, 17.3, 300)

(p<0.05)

(p < 0.05)

(p < 0.05)

B

Isolating and Studying Effect of Tannins, Oil, Flavonoids , Proteinous and non -proteinous Compounds from (*Agrimonia Eupatoria*) on Mice Exposed to Oxidative Stress

Mohammed B. Al-Saadon

Radwa D. Al-Hadi

Department of Chemistry

College of Science

University of Mosul

ABSTRACT

The research is concerned with preparing a cold aqueous extracts of *Agrimonia Eupatoria*, to isolate oil, tannins, and falvonoids and proteinous and non proteinous compounds by gel filtration technique and using column containing gel type Sephadex G-50. Two compounds: A M.wt (264667) Dalton, B M.wt (3958) Dalton from the cold protienous precipitate were isolated. The effect of these extracts and the compounds mentioned above was studied on serum glucose, total cholesterol, triglyceride, high density lipoprotein-cholesterol (HDL-C), low density lipoprotein- cholesterol (LDL-C) and very low density lipoprotein-cholesterol levels, also glutathione (GSH) and malondialdehyde (MDA) levels in liver, kidney and heart tissues in mice exposed to oxidative stress via the intra-peritoneally injection.

The results obtained from this study showed that the cold crude aqueous, non-protienous extracts, protienous precipitate, proteinous and peptidic compounds, also the tannins, oil, and falvonoids at the doses of (300, 17.3, 3.04, 5.9, 10.3, 4.6, 5.28, 17.8) mg/kg body weights caused a significant decrease ($p < 0.05$) in serum glucose, TC., TG., (LDL-C), (VLDL) and MDA level in liver, kidney and heart tissues. However, a significant increase ($p < 0.05$) in serum HDL-C level and GSH level in liver, kidney and heart tissues in mice exposed to oxidative stress was observed while B peptidic compound caused a significant decrease in serum HDL-C level.

Finally, it was found that the falvonoids is more effective as a hypoglycemic and reactive oxygen spices.

(1)

.(1986)

.....



Agrimonia eupatoria

‘Liverwort Agrimony

.(1988

) Stickwort

()

(Copland *et al.*, 2003)

.(Jingzheng, 2004)

(oxidative stress)

(ROS) Reactive oxygen species

.(Robertson, 2004)

(NO)

‘LDL-C

(Thum and Borlak, 2004)

(Mooradian and Haas, 2011)

.(Djeridane *et al.*, 2006)

:

/

:

(3: 1)

(300)

24

3

(10)

(Blender)

(33520xg)

(15)

³ (788)

(2002)

(Lyophilizer) " "

: رد

(300)

" "

° (-20)

:

(Soxhlet)

(90)

(2-3)

(60-80)

.(Zeković *et al.*,2009)

:

(90)

2-3

.(Kato *et al.*, 2010)

:

(90)

" "

2-3

.....

.(Gülçin *et al.*, 2010)

:

/ (40/60)

(Robyt and White, 1987) °(4)

24

. 20 (33250xg)

. °(40)

" "

:

(/³ 72) وبمعدل جریان G-50

(1.8 x 120)

:

/) (Male Albino Mice)

. (25-30)

(

. ° (2±25)

:

³ (0.1)

(5-2) .(Control)

(Normal Saline)

(/ 100, 200, 300, 400)

:
 (11)
 : (4)
 . 15 :
 (% 0.5) :
 . (15)
 (% 0.5) :
 / (10)
 (% 0.5) (11-4)
 (15)
 / (17.8 ,4.6,5.28, 10.3 ,5.9 ,3.04,17.3,300)

(RANDOX, United Kingdom) نوع (Kit)

(BIOLABO, France) نوع (Kit)

(Burtis and Ashwood, 1999)

.(James *et al.*, 1982)

.(Volken *et al.*, 2001)

:

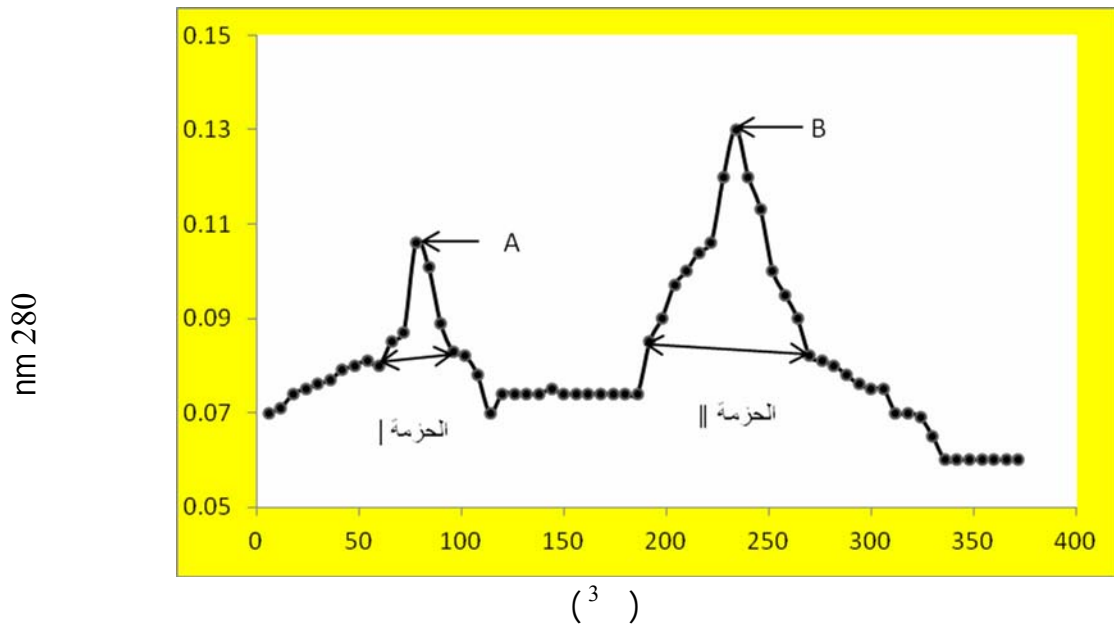
G-50 وبمعدل جريان

(120 x 1.8)

(1)

(/³ 72)

.....



:1

Sephadex G-50

3 (234) 3 (78) B A
 .(3 72) 3 (6)

:

(120 × 1.8)

(2000.000-204)

(Elution volume)

: 1

Sephadex

(120 × 1.8)

G-50

(³)	()	
60	2000000	Blue dextran
120	67000	Bovine serum albumin (BSA)
127	58000	α-amylase -
140	45000	Eggs albumin
163	36000	Pepsin
175	23000	Trypsin
230	5750	Insulin Hormone
291	1051	Oxytocin Hormone
330	204	Tryptophan
78	.1264667	A
234	3958.2	B

:

(2)

/ (300)

: 2

/					
400	300	200	100		
4.33± 0.51	3.99± 0.43	6.1± 1.21	6.02± 1.39	7.02± 0.4	* /

±

*

.....

:

(

: **B·A**

/ (5.9,10.3,3.04,17.3,300)

(p<0.05)

B

(p < 0.05)

(p < 0.05)

.(3)

(Huang *et al.*, 2011)

A

-

(Li *et al.*, 2012)

.(Murray *et al.*, 2009)

(Murray *et al.*, 2009)

apoA-1

(VLDL)

.(Murray *et al.*, 2009)

: 3

(/)	(/)	(/)) (/)	(/)	(/)	
ab 0.47± 0.05	d 2.99± 0.37	b 0.98± 0.21	a 1.09± 0.13	c 4.44± 0.3	c 7.02± 0.40) (
c 1.01± 0.08	d 2.57± 0.45	b 0.96± 0.12	b 2.35± 0.18	c 4.52±0.42	d 8.98± 1.35	H ₂ O ₂) (%0.5
a 0.36± 0.02	ab 0.59± 0.4	cd 1.63± 0.15	a 0.85± 0.05	ab 2.6± 0.36	a 3.34± 0.58	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5
ab 0.52± 0.09	ab 0.5± 0.33	d 1.89± 0.13	a 1.21± 0.21	ab 2.91±0.35	bc 5.74± 1.36	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5
ab 0.4± 0.01	bc 1.22± 0.59	bc 1.34± 0.28	a 0.92± 0.04	ab 2.96±0.39	c 6.48± 0.54	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5
b 0.62± 0.23	a 0.39± 0.27	e 2.32± 0.52	a 1.42± 0.53	b 3.33±0.45	c 6.99± 0.39	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5
ab 0.51± 0.07	ab 0.63± 0.33	bc 1.21± 0.16	a 1.17± 0.15	a 2.36±0.21	b 5.15± 0.5	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5 A
ab 0.6± 0.32	c 1.71± 0.85	a 0.49± 0.42	a 1.39± 0.74	ab 2.81±1.13	bc 6.06± 0.67	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5 B

±

(p < 0.05)

:

/ (17.8, 4.6, 5.28)

(p < 0.05)

(

.....

(p < 0.05)

.(4)

)

(

(Nayak *et al.*, 2011)

apo B-100 receptors

.(Garjani *et al.*, 2009)

: 4

(/)	(/)	(/)	(/)	(/)	(/)	
ab 0.47± 0.05	b 2.99± 0.37	a 0.98± 0.21	ab 1.09± 0.13	c 4.44± 0.3	b 7.02± 0.40) (
d 1.01± 0.08	b 2.57± 0.45	a 0.96± 0.12	d 2.35± 0.18	c 4.52±0.42	c 8.98± 1.35	H ₂ O ₂) (%0.5
a 0.36± 0.02	a 0.59± 0.4	c 1.63± 0.15	a 0.85± 0.05	ab 2.6± 0.36	a 3.34± 0.58	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5
c 0.73±0.19	a 1.01±0.33	b 1.29±0.07	c 1.69±0.43	b 3.04±0.48	b 6.90± 1.86	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5
bc 0.61±0.25	a 0.44±0.36	ab 1.15±0.23	bc 1.41±0.58	a 2.21±0.20	a 4.99± 1.21	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5
ab 0.41±0.02	a 1.0±0.31	b 1.29±0.19	ab 0.96±0.04	ab 2.71±0.38	a 4.69± 1.16	H ₂ O ₂) + (%0.5

(p < 0.05)

±

:

(

:

B,A

(p < 0.05)

/ (10.3,5.9,3.04,17.3,300)

(p <

0.05)

.(5)

-

nitric oxide synthase (NOS)

NADPH oxidase

.(Taira *et al.*, 2012)

.....

: 5

(/)			(/)			
bc 500± 13.7	cd 546± 39.5	abc 386± 12.5	de 4262±314	ef 4444± 379	a 4584±196) (
d 967± 21.9	f 1093± 12.8	d 894± 30.5	bc 3230±199	ab 1736±121	a 2155±128	(%0.5 H ₂ O ₂)
bc 508± 10.4	bc 448± 27	abc 458± 34.7	de 4477±162	cd 3101±190	a 3928±160	(%0.5 H ₂ O ₂) +
bc 454±74.3	e 681± 63.8	a 185± 21.5	a 1657±568	a 1456±395	a 1538±393	(%0.5 H ₂ O ₂) +
ab 359±19.4	de 581± 27	c 578± 32.5	de 4341±520	bc 2397±870	a 3818±718	+ (%0.5 H ₂ O ₂)
a 189± 56.2	a 164± 31.5	ab 289±120.4	cd 3737±607	f 4764±814	c 55757±7317	+ (%0.5 H ₂ O ₂)
bc 548± 221	b 365±125	a 202± 20.7	e 4788±425	c 2727±490	a 608±5656	(%0.5 H ₂ O ₂) + A
c 576±241.2	bcd 470±160.6	bc 561±472.7	b 2846±668	de 3863±311	b 15413±1907	+ (%0.5 H ₂ O ₂) B

(p < 0.05)

±

:

(

(p < 0.05)

/ (17.8, 4.6 5.28)

(p < 0.05)

.(6)

GSH synthetase

 γ -GCS،(Li *et al.*, 2011)

-

.(Hossain *et al.*, 2011).(Bajpai *et al.*, 2009; Shah and Hossain, 2011)

: 6

المالوندايالديهيد (نانومول/غم)			الكلوتاتايون (نانومول/غم)			المعاملات
القلب	الكلية	الكبد	القلب	الكلية	الكبد	
bc 500± 13.7	cd 546± 39.5	abc 386± 12.5	de 4262±314	ef 4444± 379	A 4584±196	السيطرة (المحلول الملحي الفسلجي)
d 967± 21.9	f 1093± 12.8	d 894± 30.5	bc 3230±199	ab 1736±121	a 2155±128	فرنان معاملة بـ(H ₂ O ₂) مع ماء الشرب فقط (%0.5)
bc 508± 10.4	bc 448± 27	abc 458 ± 34.7	de 4477±162	cd 3101±190	a 3928±160	فرنان معاملة بـ(H ₂ O ₂) + الاتسولين (%0.5)
a 267± 126.9	a 321± 228.6	ab 209± 32.9	a 2108±283	e 4125±622	c 58028±8959	فرنان معاملة بـ(H ₂ O ₂) + الزيت (%0.5)
a 261± 17	a 332± 74.5	a 189± 16.6	de 4286±651	de 3721±495	b 13882±1469	فرنان معاملة بـ(H ₂ O ₂) + التانينات (%0.5)
a 264± 14.5	a 168± 27.9	b 233± 26.4	de 4266±493	f 4857±875	a 4142±1044	فرنان معاملة بـ(H ₂ O ₂) + الفلافونويدات (%0.5)

±

(p < 0.05)

" (1986)

. 56

.(2002)

" (1988)

.9

."

- Bajpai, V. K.; Yoon, J. I.; Chul Kang, S. (2009). Antioxidant and antidermatophytic activities of essential oil and extracts of *Metasequoia glyptostroboides* Miki ex Hu. *Food and Chemical Toxicology*, **47**(6), 1355-1361.
- Burtis, C.A.; Ashwood, E.R. (1999). "Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry". 3rd ed., W.B. Saunders Company, London, pp. 840-841.
- Copland, A.; Nahar, L.; Tomlinson, C.T.M.; Hamilton, V.; Middleton, M. ; Kumarasamy, Y. (2003). Antibacterial and free radical scavenging activity of the seeds of *Agrimonia eupatoria*. *Fitoterapia* ,**74** , 133-135.
- Djeridane, A.; Yousfi, M.; Nadjemi, B.; Boutassouna, D.; Stocker, P.; Vidal, N. (2006). Antioxidant activity of some Algerian medicinal plants extracts containing phenolic compounds. *Food Chem.*, **97** , 654–660.
- Garjani, A.; Fathiazad, F.; Zakheri, A.; Akbari, N. A.; Azarmie, Y.; Fakhrjoo, A. (2009). The effect of total extract of *Securigera securidaca* L. seeds on serum lipid profiles, antioxidant status, and vascular function in hypercholesterolemic rats. *J. Ethnopharm.*, **126** (3), 525-532.
- Gülçin, I.; Huyut, Z.; Elmastas, M.; Aboul-Enein H. Y. (2010). Radical scavenging and antioxidant activity of tannic acid. *Arabian J. Chem.*, **3**, 43-53.
- Hossain, M. A.; Shah, M. D.; Gnanaraj, C.; Iqbal, M. (2011). In vitro total phenolics, flavonoids contents and antioxidant activity of essential oil, various organic extracts from the leaves of tropical medicinal plant *Tetrastigma* from Sabah. *Asian P. J. med.*, **4**(9), 717-721.
- Huang, X.; Sun, M.; Li, D.; Liu, J.; Guo, H.; Dong, Y.; Jiang, L. (2011). Augmented NADPH oxidase activity and p22phox expression in monocytes underlie oxidative stress of patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. *Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice*, **91**(3), 371-380.
- James, R.C.; Goodman, D.R.; Harbison, R.D. (1982). Hepatic glutathione and hepatotoxicity, changes induced by selected corticosteroids. *J. Pharmacol. Therap.*, **221**, 708-714.
- Jingzheng, S. (2004). Effects of Herba *Agrimonia* on Hepatocarcinogenesis in Rats . Ph.D. thesis, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, pp. 28-31.

- Kato, H.; Li, W.; Koike, M.; Wang, Y.; Koike, K.(2010). Phenolic glycosides from *Agrimonia pilosa*. *Phytochemistry*. **71**(16), 1925-1929.
- Li, C.; Guo, T., Zhou, D.; Hu, Y.; Zhou, H.; Wang, S. (2011) A novel glutathione modified chitosan conjugate for efficient gene delivery. *J. Controlled Release*, **154**(2), 177-188.
- Li, J. J.; Yang, P.; Liu, J.; Jia, Y. J.; Li, Z. C.; Guo, Y. L. (2012). Impact of 10 mg rosuvastatin daily or alternate-day on lipid profile and inflammatory markers. *Clinica Chimica Acta*. **413**,139-142.
- Mooradian, A. D.; Haas, M. J.(2011). Glucose-induced endoplasmic reticulum stress is independent of oxidative stress: A mechanistic explanation for the failure of antioxidant therapy in diabetes. *Free Radical Bio. Med.*, **50**(9), 1140-1143.
- Murray, R.K.; Granner, D.K.; Mayes, P.A.; Rodwell, V.W. (2009). "Harper's Biochemistry". 25th ed., Appleton and Lange, USA, pp. 155-156.
- Nayak, B. S.; Butcher, D. M.; Bujhawan, S.; Chang, D.; Chang, S.; Cabral-Samaroo, D. (2011). Association of low serum creatinine, abnormal lipid profile, gender, age and ethnicity with type 2 diabetes mellitus in Trinidad and Tobago. *Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice*, **91**(3), 342-347.
- Robertson, R. P. (2004). Chronic oxidative stress as a central mechanism for glucosetoxicity in pancreatic islet beta cells in diabetes. *J. Biol. Chem.* **279**, 42351–42354.
- Robyt, F.J. ; White J.B. (1987). "Biochemical Techniques. Theory and Practice". Brookes/Cloe Publishing Company, Monterey, California, pp. 115-118
- Shah, M. D.; Hossain, M. A.(2011) Total flavonoids content and biochemical screening of the leaves of tropical endemic medicinal plant *Merremia borneensis*. *Arabian J. Chem.* <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.arabjc.2010.12.033>
- Taira, J.; Ohmine, W.; Ogi, T.; Nanbu, H.; Ueda, K. (2012) Suppression of nitric oxide production on LPS/IFN- γ -stimulated RAW264. 7 macrophages by a novel catechin, pilosanol N, from *Agrimonia pilosa* Ledeb. *Bio. Org. Med. Chem.*, **22**, 1766-1769.
- Thum, T.; Borlak J. (2004). Mechanistic role of cytochrome P450 monooxygenases in oxidized low density lipoprotein-induced vascular injury. *Cir. Res.*, **94**, 312-319.
- Volken, E.; Nurperi G.; Ahmet, B. (2001). N-acetyl cystine reduces cerebral lipid peroxidation in a rat model of infantile hydrocephalus. *J. Neurol. Sci.*, Issue 1302-1310.
- Zekovie, Z. P.; Lepojevie, Z. D. ; Mujie, I. O. (2009). Laurel extracts obtained by steam distillation, supercritical fluid and solvent extraction. *J. Natu. Pro.*, **2**, 104-109.