



## Investigating the Ability of some Bacterial Species to Produce Slime Layer

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### ABSTRACT

This study includes the investigation of the ability of some gram positive and gram negative bacterial species to produce slime layer which play a role in biofilm formation and complication of pathogenic infections and resistance to antibiotic therapy.

Thirty five bacterial isolates were used in this study, they include: *Staphylococcus aureus* (14 isolates), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (7 isolates), *Escherichia coli* (6 isolates), *Proteus mirabilis* (3 isolates), *Salmonella* spp. (2 isolates), *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, *Serratia* spp.

Three methods were used to detect slime layer production which include: Congo red agar medium (CRA), modified congo red agar method (mCRA), and Microtiter (MTP) method.

The results showed that there is no differences between Congo red agar and modified Congo red agar methods. Microtiter plate method was more sensitive for slime layer detection as the rate of production was 51.429% from all isolates as compared with 31.429% positive results in Congo red agar method. There are clear differences in moderate and negative results for both methods.

glycocalyx

Slime				
glycocalyx	1982	Biofilm		1940
	<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>			
	.(Shumugaperumal, 2010)			
	Henrici	1933		

.....

Polysaccharide adhesions

.(Bose, 2009 ; Gunawardana, 2010 )

auto inducers

( ) Qourum sensing

.(Hassan *et al.*, 2011;Venturi , 2006)

(Mariana *et al.* , 2009)

(Khan *et al.*, 2011 ; Stone *et al.*, 2002)

(Dadawala *et al.*, 2010)

1000

% 20

.(Estrela and Abraham, 2010 ; Hassan *et al.* , 2011)

.(Benoit *et al.*, 2010)

Congo Red

modified CRA

(CRA) Agar Method

Microtiter plate method

-1

35

/ /

Koneman

: (2006)

*Escherichia* ( 7) *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ( 14) *Staphylococcus aureus*  
*Enterobacter* ( ) *Salmonella* spp. ( 3) *Proteus mirabilis* ( 6) *coli*  
 .( ) *Serratia* spp. *Klebsiella pneumoniae aerogenes*

-2

: CRA -1

52 (Difco)( BHIA) Brain Heart Infusion Agar

BHIA 0.8 CR 36

CR

(Eftekhari and Adaei, CR 50-45 BHIA

.2011)

: CRA -2

Blood BHIA CRA

0.4 CR 10 40 ( Oxoid) ( BAB) Agar Base  
BAB

.( Mariana et al., 2009)

:(MTP) Microtiter -3

flat bottom 96 MTP

(Alpha Biosciences) (TSB) Tryptic Soy Broth

%0.1 (CV) Crystal violet 7.2= pH

.%95

.....

: -3

Congo

(mCRA) modified CRA

(CRA) Red Agar Medium

.(MTP) Microtiter plate method

CRA CRA

48

24

37

:

:Strong positive

-1

:

Weak or Moderate

-2

:Negative

-3

.(Khan *et al.*, 2011; Dag *et al.* , 2010)

: MTP

37

TSB

µl 200

TSB

1:100

24

35

TSB

MTP

3

24-22

30

%0.1 CV

630

%95

µl 200

(1)

(UK) Microplate reader LT-4000

:

:1

		<b>O.D</b>
		<0.120
		0.240-0.120
		>0.240

(Bose *et al.*, 2009)

CRA CRA

(2)

%31.429 (2)

(2) (1) *E.coli*

(3) *S.aureus* %42.857

*P.aeruginosa* %25.714

Serratia *E.aerogenes* *P.mirabilis* *S.aureus*

(6) (5) (4)

mCRA CRA

CRA

(2009)

Mariana

(2) MTP

%51.429 (3)

*P.aeruginosa*

*S.aureus*

6

MTP

*P.mirabilis*

*E.coli*

.Serratia Salmolella *S.aureus* 3 %14.286

(9) (8) (7) %34.285

(1)

.....

CRA

MTP

.CRA

(2006)

Mathur

MTP CRA

Nkgau

Samie

MTP

MTP

(2012)

*E.coli*

TSB

MTP

(2009)

Bose

CRA

%1

.

MTP

CRA

:2

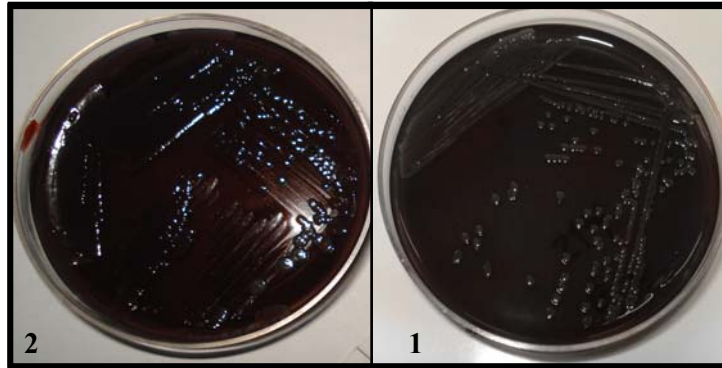
		MTP		CRA		
-Ve	moderate	+Ve	-Ve	moderate	+Ve	
		+	+			<i>S.aureus</i> 1
+				+		<i>S.aureus</i> 2
+				+		<i>S.aureus</i> 3
	+			+		<i>S.aureus</i> 4
		+		+		<i>S.aureus</i> 5
		+		+		<i>S.aureus</i> 6
+		+	+			<i>S.aureus</i> 7
		+		+		<i>S.aureus</i> 8
+				+		<i>S.aureus</i> 9
		+	+			<i>S.aureus</i> 10
	+			+		<i>S.aureus</i> 11
+			+			<i>S.aureus</i> 12
+				+		<i>S.aureus</i> 13
	+		+			<i>S.aureus</i> 14
		+	+			<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 1
		+	+			<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 2
		+	+			<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 3
		+	+			<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 4
		+	+			<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 5
		+	+			<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 6
		+	+			<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 7
+					+	<i>E.coli</i> 1
+					+	<i>E.coli</i> 2
+					+	<i>E.coli</i> 3
+					+	<i>E.coli</i> 4
		+			+	<i>E.coli</i> 5
		+			+	<i>E.coli</i> 6
		+	+			<i>P.mirabilis</i> 1
		+			+	<i>P.mirabilis</i> 2
		+			+	<i>P.mirabilis</i> 3
+					+	<i>Salmonella</i> 1
	+				+	<i>Salmonella</i> 2
+			+			<i>E. aerogenes</i>
+					+	<i>K. pneumoniae</i>
	+		+			<i>Serratia</i>
12	5	18	15	9	11	35
%34.285	%14.286	%51.429	%25.714	%42.857	%31.429	



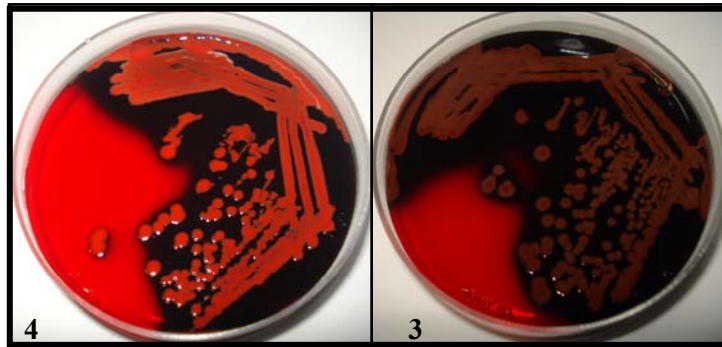
.....

:3

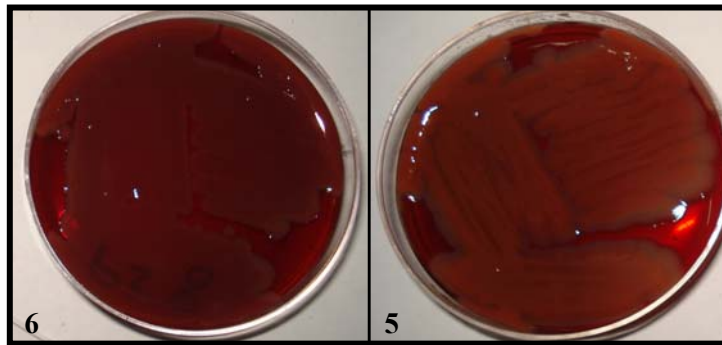
-		
0.207	0.207	<b>Control (Negative)</b>
0.502	0.709	<i>S.aureus</i> 1
0.082	0.289	<i>S.aureus</i> 2
0.048	0.255	<i>S.aureus</i> 3
0.228	0.435	<i>S.aureus</i> 4
0.514	0.721	<i>S.aureus</i> 5
0.619	0.826	<i>S.aureus</i> 6
0.387	0.594	<i>S.aureus</i> 7
0.331	0.538	<i>S.aureus</i> 8
0.019	0.226	<i>S.aureus</i> 9
0.316	0.523	<i>S.aureus</i> 10
0.204	0.411	<i>S.aureus</i> 11
0.025	0.232	<i>S.aureus</i> 12
0.053	0.260	<i>S.aureus</i> 13
0.201	0.408	<i>S.aureus</i> 14
0.361	0.568	<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 1
0.587	0.794	<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 2
0.291	0.498	<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 3
0.436	0.643	<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 4
0.533	0.74	<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 5
0.594	0.801	<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 6
0.396	0.603	<i>P.aeruginosa</i> 7
0.056	0.263	<i>E.coli</i> 1
0.091	0.298	<i>E.coli</i> 2
0.081	0.288	<i>E.coli</i> 3
0.010	0.217	<i>E.coli</i> 4
0.31	0.517	<i>E.coli</i> 5
0.517	0.724	<i>E.coli</i> 6
0.608	0.815	<i>P.mirabilis</i> 1
0.451	0.658	<i>P.mirabilis</i> 2
0.402	0.609	<i>P.mirabilis</i> 3
0.051	0.258	<i>Salmonella</i> 1
0.161	0.368	<i>Salmonella</i> 2
0.04	0.247	<i>E. aerogenes</i>
0.082	0.289	<i>K. pneumoniae</i>
0.171	0.378	<i>Serratia</i>



الصور 1،2: النتيجة الموجبة على وسط Congo red agar  
*E.coli* -1      *P.mirabilis*-2



الصور 3،4: النتيجة الضعيفة و النتيجة السالبة على وسط CRA  
*S.aureus* (8)-3      *S.aureus*(1)-4



الصور 5،6: بكتريا *P.aeruginosa* على وسط CRA حاوي على سكر السكروز(5) و  
 وسط CRA حاوي على سكر الكلوكوز(6)

(2011)

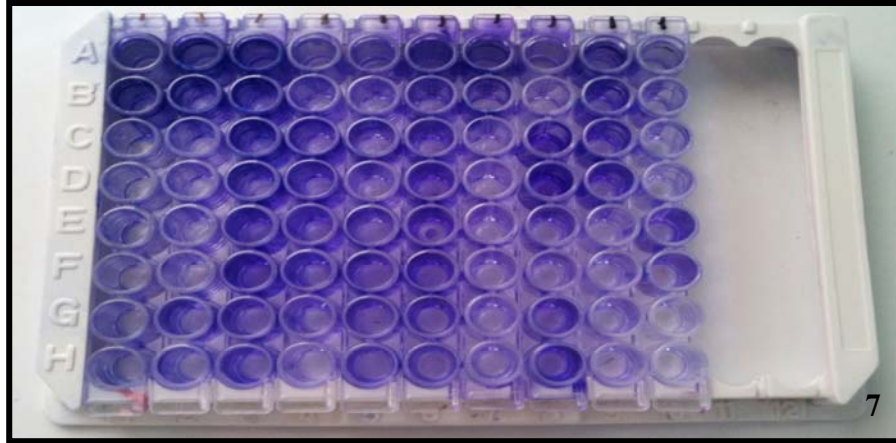
Eftekhar

Dadawala

%91

CRA

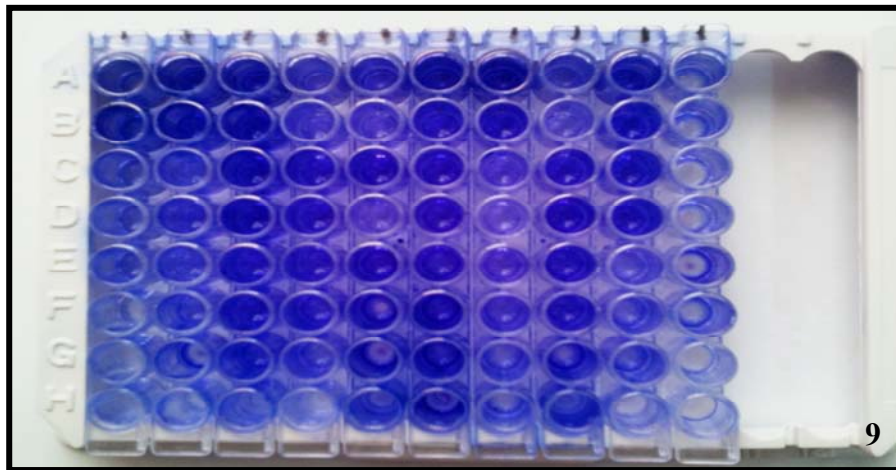
(2010)



الصورة 7: الحفر بعد الصبغ بصيغة الكريستال البنفسجي وغسلها بالماء وتجفيفها (تقدير كمي)



الصورة 8: تباين التصاق الصبغة بالحفر حسب النوع البكتيري

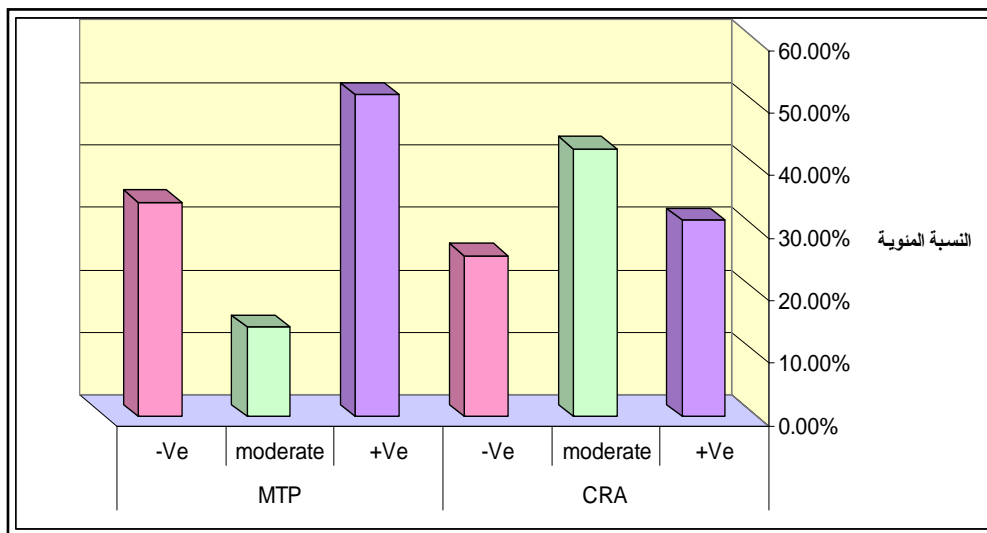


الصورة 9: الحفر بعد استخلاص الصبغة بالايثانول 95% وقياس الامتصاصية (تقدير نوعي).

CRA

(PIA) polysaccharide adhesion

(Murugan *et al.*, 2011; Mariana *et al.*, 2009)



MTP CRA

:1

(Wang , 2008)

1:100

TSB

MTP

Luria Broth

MTP

(Patel and Sharma ,2010)

( )

(

: )

(OToole, 2011)

.(Jesaitis *et al.*, 2003)

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