

(2012 / 3/ 26 2011/ 10 /26)

/ 260

: / 100

8 4

10-8

40

10

:

/ 260

:

/ 100

:

/ 260

:

/ 100

(P≤0.05)

8

(P≤0.05)

8 4

(P≤0.05)

(P≤0.05)

:

Effect of Cholesterol and Boiled Extract of Red Pepper on the Level of some Hormones and Weights of Local Male Rabbits

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ABSTRACT

The current study was designed to investigate the effect of cholesterol supplementation at a dose of (260 mg/kg ration) and boiled extract of red pepper at a dose of (100 mg/kg body weight) on the Testosterone hormone, Thyroid stimulating hormone or Thyrotropin, thyroxine, thyronine, and its effects on the body weights of male rabbits after 4, 8 weeks of the start of treatment.

Forty local male rabbits aged (8-10) months old were randomly divided into four groups (10 animals/ group) to be treated as follows:

First group: Standard ration and distilled water represented as control groups.

Second group: Standard ration plus cholesterol at the dose (260 mg/ kg ration) and distilled water.

Third group: Standard ration with drinking red pepper fruit boiled extract at the dose (100 mg/ kg body weight).

Fourth group: Standard ration plus cholesterol (260 mg / kg ration) in addition to drinking red pepper fruits boiled extract at a dose of (100 mg/kg body weight).

All groups were treated daily for eight weeks.

Results showed that cholesterol treatment caused significant decrease ($P \leq 0.05$) in the hormones level, with a significant increase ($P \leq 0.05$) on the body weights of treated rabbit after 4 and 8 weeks. Furthermore, treatment with red pepper boiled extract led to a significant increase ($P \leq 0.05$) on the levels of the studied hormones, and a significant decrease ($P \leq 0.05$) in the body weights of treated rabbits.

Keywords: Red Pepper boiled extract, Body weight, Cholesterol, Hormones, Rabbits.

Salanaceae

Red Pepper

" "

.(Ahuja *et al.*, 2006)

175

100

.C

.....

	0.30	0.06	11	1.2	
B			A		870
	.(MacGvillivary, 1961)				

.(Smeets and Margriet, 2009)

(Kawabata *et al.*, 2006)

Margriet Smeets

	135mg/kg		(2009)
	()	%7.8

(1987) Bhide Agrawal

50 100mg/kg

DeBeljuk *et al.*, (2003)

Neuropeptides

(VRS1) Vanilloid Receptor Subtype1

Spermatogenesis

Erdost)

.(*et al.*, 2007

/ 260

:

:

/ 100

.1

.2

Capsaicin

Vanilloid compound

%1-0.1

.(Mathur *et al.*, 2000)

8-Methyl-N-Vanillyl-6-nonenamide

Capsicol

1868

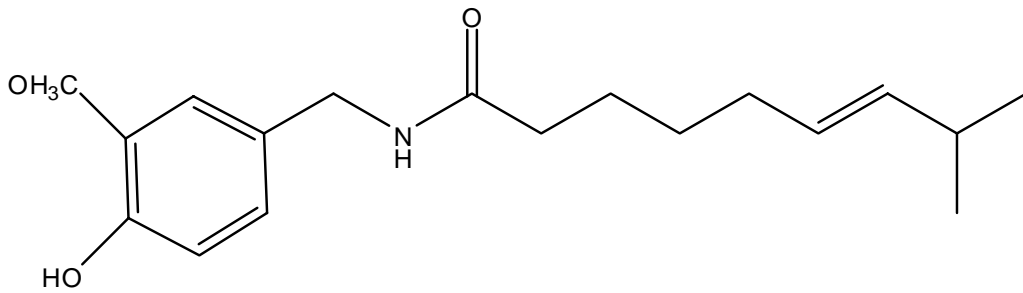
1816

1961

Phenyl Propanoid Compound

:

(Flomenbaum *et al.*, 2006)



(Flomenbaum *et al.*,2006)

:

"BDH"

.....

(Cheij, 1984)

30

100

10

/ 100

(Pandit *et al.*, 1979)

° 4

10-8

40

1500-1200

14

°28-25

(%16.5)

N.R.C. National Research Council (1994)

(1978)

/ 10

8

: gavage needle

(Ameli *et al.*, 1996) / 260

. 1225

.(Batchelor and Giddins, 1995)

/ 100

. 1240

.(Kendabie *et al.*, 2007)

/ 260

. 1220

. / 100

20

3000

Remi Motors LTD.

Bench Centrifuge

° 20-

15

Testosterone Hormone

Thyroid stimulating Hormone

Thyrotropin

Thyronine "T3"

Thyroxine "T4"

"T.S.H"

450

(Bio/Inc)

Kit

(Organon, Teknika)

15

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LSD	Co-variance	SAS	(P≤0.05)	
				.(2010)
			(P≤0.05)	(1)
			/ 260	
		(P≤0.05)	(1)	
		/ 100		
	/ 260			
	(P≤0.05)			/ 100
		(P≤0.05)	(1)	
		/ 260		T.S.H
		(P≤0.05)	(1)	
	/ 100			T.S.H
	/ 260			
	(P≤0.05)			/ 100

:1

8

/	/	/	/		
1.08±0.07 B	10.31±0.07 C	0.60±0.02 B	0.29±0.01 C		1
0.90±0.03 C	10.13±0.02 D	0.50±0.01 C	0.11±0.01 D	/ 260	2
1.86±0.05 A	11.11±0.04 A	0.71±0.03 A	1.59±0.34 A	/ 100	3
1.11±0.11 B	10.49±0.03 B	0.60±0.03 B	1.09±0.05 B	/ 260 / 100	4

.10 = / (±)
(P ≤ 0.05)

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-

T4 (P≤0.05) (1)

/ 260

T4 (P≤0.05) (1)

/ 100

100 / 260
(P≤0.05)

/

T3 (P≤0.05) (1)

/ 260

/ 100 (P≤0.05)

100 / 260
(P≤0.05)

/

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(

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(ICSH)

Follicle stimulating hormone

ICSH

Interstitial Cell Stimulating Hormone

Follicle stimulating hormone

(Sturkie, 1986)

.(Ishihura *et al.*, 2000)

(Guyton and Hall, 2001)

)

(1987

.(Ganong, 2003)

(

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C

(1995) Maggi

(Yoshioka *et al.*, 2004)

Neuropeptides

(VRS1) Vanilloid Receptor Subtype1

Spermatogenesis

(Fausson *et al.*, 2005)

(E, C, A)

.(Oboh *et al.*, 2007)

/ 260 (2) 4
 4 / 100
 / 260
 / 100

8 4 :2

8	4		
1383±92.3	1308±87.3		1
1416±88.62	1331±91.84	/ 260	2
1054±83.6	1131±86.7	/ 100	3
1196±59	1214±88.5	/ 260 / 100	4

.10 = / (±) •

.Co-Variance 42.12 =L.S.D •

260 (2) 8 /
 8 / 100

.....

/ 260

/ 100

/ 260

(2009)

/ 260

(Smeets and Lejeune, 2005)

(Yoshioka *et al.*, 1999)

Catecholamine

capsicin

(Fukuda *et al.*, 2004)

Yoshioka *et al.*, (2001)

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-1

-2

.(2009)

.(1978)

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)

.(

.SAS

.(2010)

.(1987)

.133-125

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