

## ***Crataegus* L. (Rosaceae)**

(2006/12/4 2006/6/25 )

*Crataegus* L.

*C. azarolus* var. *C. azarolus* var. *pontica* *C. azarolus* var. *aronia* )

(*C. meyeri* *C. monogyna* *Sharania*

% (60-30)

*C. azarolus* var. *sharania* *C. azarolus* var. *aronia* % 68

%51

### **Numerical Taxonomy for Genus *Crataegus* L. (Rosaceae) in North of Iraq**

**Amer M. AL Maa'thidy**  
*Department of Biology*  
*College of Education*  
*Mosul University*

**Saleem I. Shahbaz**

*Department of Forestry*  
*College of Agriculture*  
*Dohuk University*

**Zeravan A. S.**

#### **ABSTRACT**

The present research included numerical taxonomy for the genus *Crataegus* L. which is growing in Iraq and represented by the following five taxa namely: (*Crataegus azarolus* var. *aronia*, *C. azarolus* var. *pontica*, *C. azarolus* var. *sharania* , *C. monogyna* and *C. meyeri*) by using morphological, pollen grains and Chromosomal number features.

The results showed that the similarity range among the species was 30-68% and the highest Similarity was 68% found between the *C. azarolus* var. *aronia* and *C. azarolus* var. *sharania*.

In dendrogram the taxa meet at (51%) level of similarity, indicating a wide range of Variation among the taxa of this genus.

Sub Family Moloideae :

*Crataegus L.*

Family: Rosaceae

1200-200

(Christensen, 1992)

.(Raeder–Roitzsch, 1969; Christensen, 1992; Harlow and Harrar, 1996)

.(Townsend and Guest, 1966)

1000-300

.(Taxon)

Similarities

Clusters

Taxometric

(Good fellow and Board, 1980)

(Sneath, 1957)

Adansonian Taxonomy

(Sneath, 1957)

(Anderson, 1949)

(Heywood, 1976)

Non-Visible Features

.stages

.(1992 1992 1988 )

*Crataegus*

(Operational Taxonomic Units – OTUS)

(2001 )

19) (50) (1)

(5) ( 31

. (2) (1987) Sokal Sneath (1957) Sneath

(3)

Clusters

Dendrogram

Tree – Diagram

% 51 (2)

*Crataegus*

:1

1 2 3			1
1 2 3			2
1 2		/	3
1 2			4
1 2		( )	5
1 2 3	Tomentose Villous		6
1 2 3			7
1 2	(4 ) ( 4 )		8
1 2 3	(10-5) (15-11) 15		9
1 2			10
1 2		-	11
1 2		17 34	12



1 2 3		/	9
1 2			10
1 2	Tomentose Villous		11
1 2	4 4		12
1 2 3			13
1 2	5 5		14
1 2	5 5		15
1 2		( )	16
1 2		/	17
1 2	Tomentose Villous		18
1 2			19
1 2			20
1 2			21
1 2 3	Tomentose Villous		22
1 2 3	Tomentose Villous		23
1 2 3			24

1 2			25
1 2	(4 ) ( 4)		26
1 2	10 10	/	27
1 2 3	Tomentose Villous		28
1 2	4 4	Hypanthium	29
1 2			30
1 2 3	Tomentose Villous		31
1 2			32
1 2	20 20		33
1 2			34
1 2	8 8		35
1 2			36
1 2			37
1 2 3	(10-5 ) (15-11) ( 15 )		38
1 2 3 4	-		39

1 2	-		40
1 2 3	-		41
1 2 3			42
1 2	(1 ) ( 1)	/	43
1 2			44
1 2			45
1 2	2 1 3 2	/	46
1 2	3 3	/	47
1 2	-		48
1 2 3	-		49
1 2	17 34		50





(1) (1)

*C. meyeri* *C. monogyna* *Crataegus*  
*C. azarolus*

.(2)

*C.azarolus* var. *pontica* *Crataegus azarolus* var. *aronia*

*C. azarolus* var. *sharania*

(3)

*C.azarolus* var. *pontica* % 68 % (68-30)  
*C. azarolus* var. *sharani*

(34)

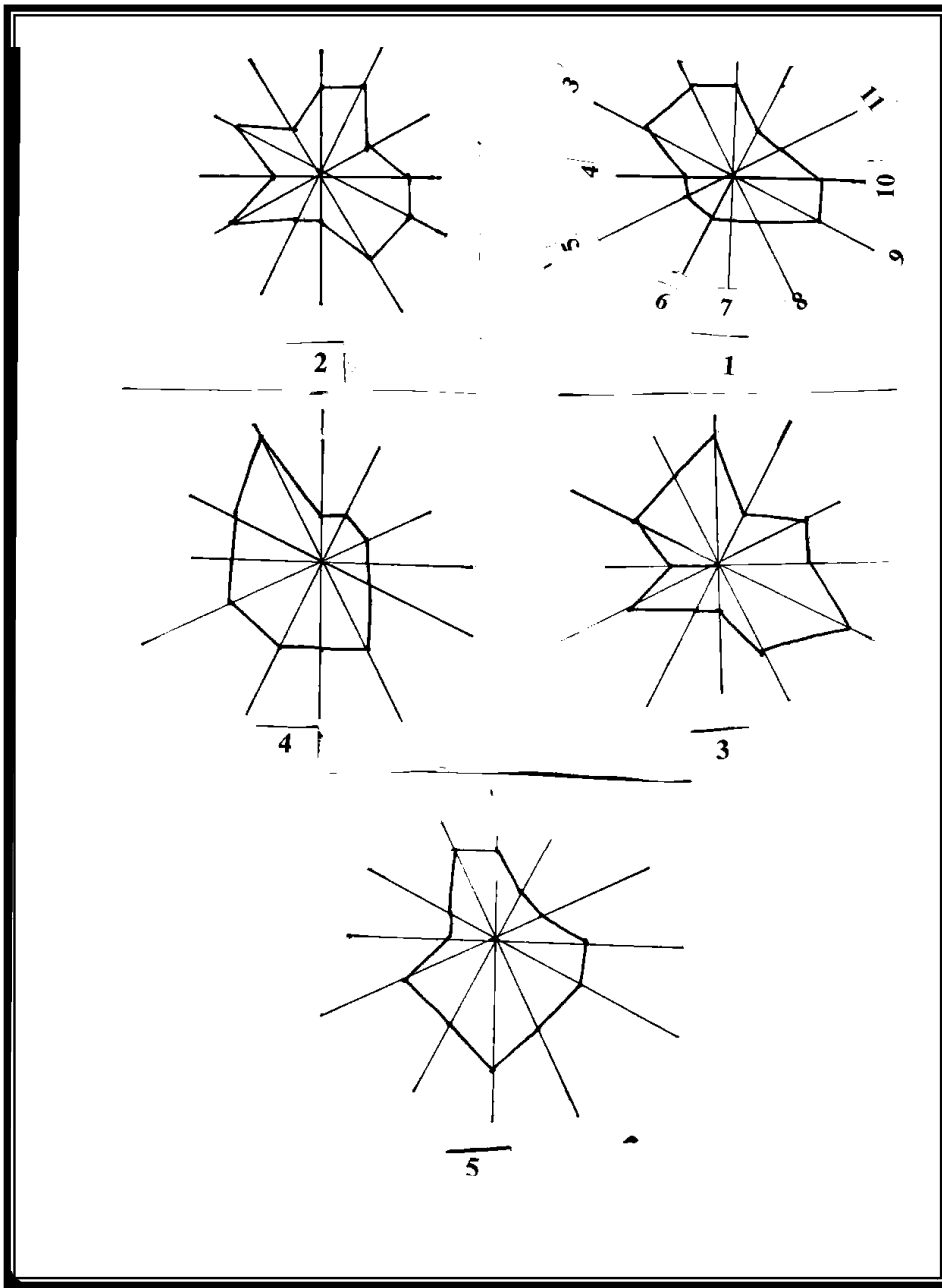
-  
(17)

*.Crataegus*

: 3

	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
1	40	36	60	66	100
2	42	32	68	100	
3	44	34	100		
4	30	100			
5	100				

*C. azarolus* var. *pontica* -2 *C.azarolus* var. *aronia* -1  
*C. monogyna* -4 *C. azarolous* var. *sharania* -3  
*C. meryeri* -5



*Crataegus* : 1

- |  |    |  |    |
|--|----|--|----|
| <i>C. azarolus</i> var. <i>pontica</i> | -2 | <i>C. azarolus</i> var. <i>aronia</i>    | -1 |
| <i>C. monogyna</i>                     | -4 | <i>C. azarolous</i> var. <i>sharania</i> | -3 |
|  |    | <i>C. meryeri</i>                        | -5 |

*Crataegus azarolus* var. *aronia*

%66

\_ *C. azarolus* var. *pontica*

(17)

*C.azarolus* var. *sharania*

(34)

*Crataegus azarolus* var. *aronia*

(3)

%60

% 40

*C. meyeri**Crataegus azarolus* var. *aronia*

(3)

Villous

Tomentose

% 30

*C. meyeri**C. monogyna*

(3)

(2)

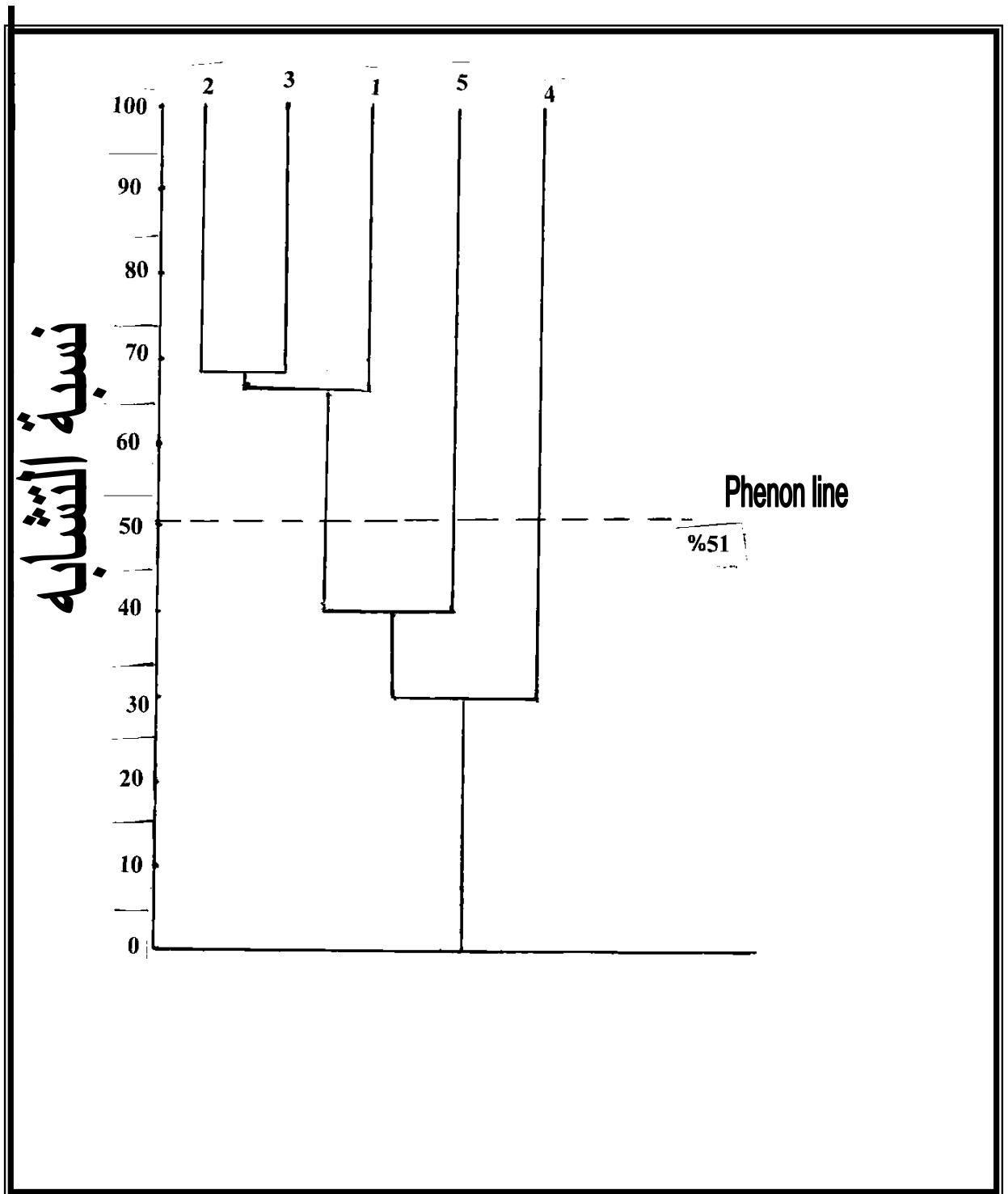
% 51

%68

Polygonals

*C. azarolus*

(2001 )



*Crataegus*

: 2

- |  |    |  |    |
|--|----|--|----|
| <i>C. azarolus</i> var. <i>pontica</i> | -2 | <i>C. azarolus</i> var. <i>aronia</i>    | -1 |
| <i>C. monogyna</i>                     | -4 | <i>C. azarolous</i> var. <i>sharania</i> | -3 |
|  |    | <i>C. meryeri</i>                        | -5 |

( Rosaceae )		.2001	
			<i>Crataegus</i> L.
	.( )	<i>Achillea</i>	.1992
	<i>Teucrium</i> L. ( Labiatae)		.1988
( <i>Onosma</i> L. Boraginaceae)			.1992

- Anderson, E., 1949. Introgressive Hybridization. Hohn Wiley and Sons. Inc. New York.
- Christensen, K.I., 1992. Revision of *Crataegus* Seed. *Crataegus* and Nothoseet. *Crataeguineae* (Rosaceae- Maloidease) in the Old World . Syst. Bot. Monog., Vol. 35.
- Good fellow, M. and Board, R.G., 1980. Microbiologia Classification and Identification. Academic Press. London. 408p.
- Harlow, W.M. and Harrar, E.S., 1996. Text Book of Dendrology. 8th ed. Mc Graw – Hill com. New York. 520p.
- Heywood, V.H., 1976. Plant Taxonomy. 2nd ed. Edward Arnold. 60p.
- Raeder – Roitzsch, J.E., 1969. Forest Trees in Iraq – Pub. Fac. Agric. Univ. of Mosul, 169p.
- Sneath, P.H.A., 1957. Some Thoughts on Bacterial Classification. J.G. Microbiol. Vol. 17, pp.184-200.
- Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R., 1987. Numerical Taxonomy. The Principles and Practice of Numerical Classification. San Francisco. 573 p.
- Townsend, C.C. and Guest, E., 1966. Flora of Iraq. Ministry of Agriculture Vol. 2. Baghdad.