

(EM)

(2010 / 12 / 27 2010 / 10 / 25)

Effective Microorganisms (EM)

(HDL)

(VLDL-C)

(LDL-C)

(ALT)

(AST)

/ 100

(LDL-C)

(AST)

(VLDL-C)

.(HDL-C)

(ALT)

EM

(LDL-C)

(AST)

(VLDL-C)

(ALT)

.(HDL-C)

EM

Effect of Effective Microorganisms (EM) in Blood Sugar Contraction and Some Biochemical Parameters in Normal and Alloxan Induced Diabetic Male Rats

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ABSTRACT

This study was designed to examine the effect of Effective Microorganisms (EM) in the levels of glucose, cholesterol, triglycerides, high density lipoprotein (HDL), low density lipoprotein (LDL), vary low density lipoprotein (VLDL), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST) in normal and alloxan-induced diabetic rats and these results were compared with the effect of Glibenclamide as control chemical drug.

The results of this study showed that diabetes mellitus induced by alloxan for 30 days caused a significant increase in concentration of serum glucose, cholesterol, triglycerides, low density lipoprotein (LDL), vary low density lipoprotein (VLDL), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase AST levels. While significantly decreased high density lipoprotein (HDL).

The results of this study revealed that administration of (EM) produced a significant decrease in glucose, cholesterol, triglycerides, low density lipoprotein, vary low density lipoprotein, alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase. While significantly increased high density lipoprotein levels of alloxan-induced diabetic rats. Also the results referred that the effect of EM was best the effect of the control chemical drug glibenclamide in its activity.

. (Ene *et al.*, 2007 ; Jayasri *et al.*, 2008 ; Daisy *et al.*, 2009) .

Insulin-

Non-

dependent diabetes mellitus (IDDM)

.....

(EM)

insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM)

Gulfraz *et al.*, 2007;)

.(Guthrie and Guthrie, 2009

Chronic hyperglycemia

(Ene *et al.*, 2007; Al-saif , 2009)

Jaspreet *et al.*, 2003 ; Brajendra and)

.(Srivastava , 2006

.(Anthony and Adebimpe , 2009)

WHO

.(Galletto *et al.*, 2004)

EM

Effective Microorganisms

(Shintani, 2005)

EM

Aruoma *et al.*, 2003 ; Chui)

.(*et al.*, 2006 ; Do *et al.*,2007

4-3 Sprague dawely 350 -300 11
 25 ±2 13

% 1 % 10 % 20 % 34 % 35
 50

Effective dose ()

() EM

: 3 5

: (Control group) :

.%25 EM (/³ 1) :

.%50 EM (/³ 1) :

.%75 EM (/³ 1) :

.%100 EM (/³ 1) :

()

. EM

Subcutaneous

/ (100)

(BDH.)

Normal saline 3 10 1

24 .(Owoyele *et al.*, 2005)

%5

.(Chahlia, 2009b)

3 1

Uri scan

.....

(EM)

(Accu chek)

.(Gül *et al.*, 2009)

:

.

:

. 30

%50

EM

(

/³ 1)

:

. 30

:

. 30

EM

(

/³ 1)

:

. 30

%50

/ 5)

Glibenclamide

:

(Zainab *et al.*, 2009 ;

30

(

.(Tenpe and Yeole, 2009

:

24

30

Jugular vein

° 37

/ 3000

Centrifuge

Serum

20-

(Burtis and Ashwood , 1999) Syrbio, France

Kit

(ALT)

(AST)

.(CTM)

Kit

(SPSS

)

(1)

%50

EM

P< 0.05

(2)

EM

/³ 1

EM

EM

P< 0.05

(2)

P< 0.05

P< 0.05

(2)

HDL-C

/ 1

EM

HDL-C

P< 0.05

P< 0.05

EM

HDL-C

HDL-C

P< 0.05

HDL-C

EM

P< 0.05

(3)

VLDL-C

LDL-C

7

.....

(EM)

ALT

AST

³ 1 EM

, LDL-C

P< 0.05

EM

ALT AST VLDL-C

AST , LDL-C

P< 0.05

ALT VLDL-C

LDL-

P< 0.05

ALT AST,VLDL-C , C

.EM

:1

/ ³ 1 EM					
%100	%75	%50	%25		
65.83 ±1.4c	68.33 ±1.44bc	73.33 ± 1.43 b	86.51 ±8.29a	74.16 ±5.39 b	³ 100/

±

*

3

*

. P< 0.05

*

EM

: 2

.(HDL-C)

³ 100/ - HDL M ± SE	³ 100/ M ± SE	³ 100/ M ± SE	³ 100/ M ± SE	
60.4 ± 7.635 a	70.20 ± 19.50 c	89.80 ± 15.83 b	97 ± 5.87 d	
48.6 ± 4.063 c	100 ± 7.81 a	105.66 ± 4.94 a	328 ± 27.68 a	
61.8 ± 9.654 a	68.40 ± 5.77 c	89.40 ± 12.5 b	96.60 ± 5.68 d	EM
55.6 ± 2.944 b	81.75 ± 9.03 b	90.67 ± 2.75 b	161.7 ± 35.79 c	+EM
56 ± 2 b	82.33 ± 3.51 b	91.75 ± 2.52 b	199 ± 3 b	+

±

-

.p< 0.05

-

-

EM

: 3

(VLDL-C)

(LDL-C)

.ALT

AST

ALT (U/I) M ± SE	AST(U/I) M ± SE	VLDL-C ³ 100/ M ± SE	LDL-C ³ 100/ M ± SE	المعاملات
17.64 ± 1.86 c	20.69 ± 0.88 c	14.040 ± 3.200 c	15.36 ± 7.550 b	سيطرة سليمة
34 ± 2.55 a	37.8 ± 1.7 a	20 ± 1.562 a	37.06 ± 2.558 a	سيطرة مصابه
17.04 ± 1.11 c	20.24 ± 2.07 c	13.68 ± 1.145 c	13.92 ± 3.949 b	EM سليمة
24.45 ± 4.4 b	27.9 ± 2.86 b	16.350 ± 1.806 b	18.72 ± 1.193 b	EM مصابه
25.5 ± 4.77 b	29.33 ± 3.78 b	16.46 ± 0.702 b	19.29 ± 0.50 b	مصابه + كلينكلامايد

.p< 0.05

± -
-
-

EM

*

/ 100)

Chahlia, 2009a ; Daisy *et al.*, ; 2009

2007)

.(2009

.(Benrebai *et al.*,2007)

EM

.....

(EM)

EM

Glycolysis

. (Khan *et al.*, 2003 ; Trivedi *et al.*, 2004)

EM

. (Daisy *et al.*, 2009 ; Babu *et al.*, 2003)

EM

-6-

Gluconeogenesis

.(Jung *et al.*, 2006)

*

Tenpe and Yeole, 2009; Patil *et al.* ;2007 ,)

(2005,)

(*al.*,2009

Cholestrol acyl

transferase

EM

EM

7- α hydroxyase

-7

.(Robak *et al.*, 2004)

*

,)

(2005,)

(El-missiry *et al.*,2007; Kim *et al.*, 2006 ; 2006

Lipoprotien lipase

(Nelson and Cox , 2005)

(VLDL)

.(Ayoub *et al.*, 2000 ; Robert *et al.*, 2001)

EM

EM

Nelson and)

(Cox , 2005

(HDL-C)

*

(HDL-C)

.(Jadhav *et al.*, 2009 ; 2006)

(HDL-C)

Hepatic lipase

(Lipoprotien lipase)

HDL-C

HDL-C

EM

(HDL-C)

EM

HDL-C

.(HDL-C)

.....

(EM)

(LDL-C)

*

(LDL-C)

(Daisy *et al.*, 2009 ; 2005)

LDL-C

(2007)

LDL-C

LDL-C VLDL-C

.(Karen *et al.*, 2002)

EM

(LDL-C)

EM

(LDL-C)

LDL-C

(Robak *et al.*, 2004)

.(Mckee and Mckee,1996)

(VLDL-C)

*

(VLDL-C)

.(Owoyele *et. al.*, 2005 ; Ene *et. al.*, 2007)

VLDL-C

. VLDL-C

EM

(VLDL-C)

AST ALT *

(AST) (ALT)

. (Kim *et al.*, 2006 ; Kechrid *et al.*, 2007; Jayasri *et al.*, 2008;)

Al-Hazza *et al.*)

.(*al.*,2008

EM

ALT

AST

EM

(Deiana *et al.*, 2002)

(/ 5)

(Jadhav *et al.*, 2009)

VLDL-C ,LDL-C

ALT , AST

(Kim *et al.*, 2006 ; Al-Hazza *et al.*, 2008)

.(Tenp and Yeole , 2009)

Suba *et al.*)

B-Cells

. (*al.*, 2004

.(2009) .

.35-32 (1) 14 .

. (2007).

.(2005) .

Cinnamomum cassia

.(2006).

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