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.( 8 12) 20 (PMMA)  
 % 85 17 (%15 ) 3  
 ( 11) % 55 *Staphylococcus epidermidis*  
 .(% 30 ) 6 *Staphylococcus aureus*

72 48 24 0.399 0.216 0.140

7.6 6.7

72 48 24 <sup>3</sup> / 10<sup>6</sup> x 8.1

:

## Detection of Bacteria Causing Conjunctivitis in Patients Using Lenses for Vision Correction

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### ABSTRACT

The Research included the isolation and identification of bacteria causing conjunctivitis in patients subjected to vision correction operations who attended the ophthalmological clinic in Al-Zahrawi teaching hospital in Mosul city. The study also included testing the ability of one of the isolated bacteria to adhere on the intraocular lens that is used to correct visson (PMMA) and forming biofilms. 20 swab samples were collected from patients of both sexes (12 males and females). The results revealed that 3 samples were negative (15%) and 17 samples were positive (85%), *Staphylococcus epidermidis* was the predominant type 11 isolates (55%) while *Staphylococcus aureus* was isolated with 30% (6 isolates). When the ability of *S. aureus* to adhere and form biofilm on lenses by using ELIZA technique, the results were positive, the absorbance values were 0.140, 0.216 and 0.399 at incubation periods 24, 48 and 72 hours respectively. As well as the number of colonies that were formed on lens surfaces was measured after different incubation

periods, the results showed that the number of colonies were 6.7, 7.6, 8.1 X10<sup>6</sup> colony/cm<sup>3</sup> in the incubation periods 24, 48 and 72 hours respectively.

**Keywords:** Conjunctivitis, Lenses for vision correction.

.(Balasubramanian, 2003; Rogers, 2011)

Conjunctiva

( )

.(Turner and Matron, 2012)

Pink eye

Red eye

( )

.(Bruno, 2009 ; Samuel *et al.*, 2012 )

Contact Lenses

Endophthalmitis

.(Lemp *et al.*, 2007)

Cataract Surgery

Artificial Intraocular Lens

.(Guo *et al.*, 2011)

Polymethylmetha Acrylic

*Staphylococcus aureus*

Biofilms

Biotic and Abiotic Surfaces

.(Suto *et al.*, 2012)

Planktonic

.(Allegrucci *et al.*, 2006 ; Thomas, 2008; Leid, 2009 )



***Staphylococcus aureus***

*Staphylococcus aureus*

Polymethylmetha Acrylic (PMMA) (IOL)

: (Okajima *et al.*, 2006)

*Staphylococcus aureus* .1

24 %0.25 Trypticase Soy Broth (TSB) ° 37

(TSB) <sup>3</sup> 1 40:1 .2

<sup>3</sup> 1 10:1 (TSB) <sup>3</sup> 9

20:1 (TSB) <sup>3</sup> 1

(TSB) <sup>3</sup> 1 20:1 <sup>3</sup> 1 .40:1

Well Micropipett 200 .3

48,24 (IOL) Microtiter plate

° 37 72

Phosphate- buffered Saline 200 .4

%1 .5

15 .6

200 .7

Labtech It 4000 microplate reader 620 .8

Damon

***Staphylococcus aureus***

: (Okajima *et al.*, 2006)

*Staphylococcus aureus* .1

24 %0.25 Trypticase Soy Broth (TSB) ° 37

.....

.TSB 10000:1 1000:1 100:1 10:1 .2

Wells 10000:1 200 .3

72 48 24 (IOL) Microtiter plate

.° 37 .4

Phosphate- buffered Saline 200

. 3 1 .5

Vortex / 2500 1.5

. 3 0.1 .6

37 L . 24 °

. : .7

.10 x x =

(1 )

:1

Urease teest	M.S.A	Coagulase	Oxidase	Catalase	
+	+	+	-	+	<i>S.aureus</i>
+	-	-	-	+	<i>S.epidermidis</i>

:- :+  
:M.S.A

(Brooks *et al.*, 2010)

Coagulase  
(Ryan and Ray, 2004)

(Atlas *et al.*, 1995)

(2 )

:2

%55	11	<i>S.epidermidis</i>
%30	6	<i>S.aureus</i>
%15	3	No growth
%100	20	

(%15) 3 (2 )

17

6

(%55) 11

(%85)

(%30)

(2009)

Agarwal

***Staphylococcus aureus***

72 48 24

0.399 0.216 0.140

(1)

( )

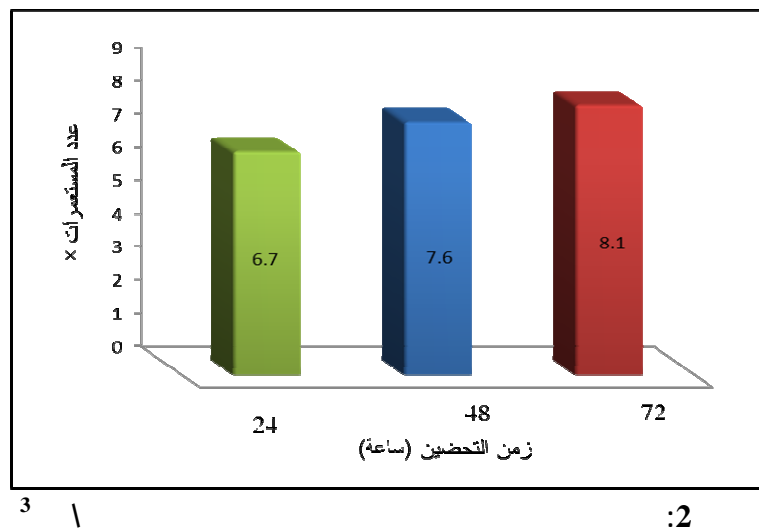
(2006)

Okajima



## Polymethylemetha Acrylate (PMMA)

72 48 24  
 $10^6 \times 8.1$  7.6 6.7 (PMMA)  
 72 48 24  
 B  $10^6 \times 3$  A  
 $10^6 \times 30-10$  A  
 (2)



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